WAGE RATE DETERMINATION
COUNTY NAME: COMAL

Wages are based on DOL General Decision:

TX TX20200007- HEAVY AND HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION

- Wages shall be paid in accordance with the Davis Bacon Wage Rates.
- https://beta.sam.gov/

PREVAILING WAGES

Proposers must comply with all requirements of the prevailing wage Statue 2258 for non-Federal contracts and Davis-Bacon and Related Acts for federal contracts.

Workers on the Project shall be paid not less than wage rates, including fringe benefits, as published by the Department of Labor (DOL) for Building Construction and Highway-Heavy Trades “AS APPLICABLE”.

A. Wages shall be paid in accordance with the Davis Bacon Wage Rates.
https://beta.sam.gov/

Such wage rates shall be used throughout the contract. If a classification is to be used, which is not listed in the attached wage rates, Contractor shall submit to owner rates and classification proposed for use, for approval, prior to performance of the Work.

EMPLOYMENT REQUIREMENTS AND WAGE RATES

This Contract shall be based upon payment by Contractor and his Subcontractors of wage rates not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for Work of a similar character in the locality in which the Work is performed, and not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages for legal holiday and overtime work.

The prevailing wage law does not prohibit payment of more than the general prevailing rate of wages.

Contractor agrees not to discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, religion, color, sex, age, disability, or national origin. Contractor agrees to comply with the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 and the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, and Contractor will indemnify and hold Owner harmless for any failure to so comply and any discrimination for which Contractor may be charged.

Contractor and each Subcontractor shall keep certified payrolls be collected and maintained by the Contractor for itself and all subcontractors, and made available to the Owner as may be required upon request or for audit at completion of the job.

According to Chapter 2258 Texas Government Code Title 10A, a CONTRACTOR or subcontractor(s) who violates this section shall pay to the political subdivision on whose behalf the contract is made, $60 for each worker employed for each calendar day or part of the day that the worker is paid less than the wage rates stipulated in the contract. A public body shall use any money collected under this section to offset the costs incurred in the administration of this chapter.

Contractor shall comply with all requirements of the hours of work on public works law of the State of Texas, Texas Revised Civil Statutes, Articles 5165.1 to 5165.3, including the latest amendments thereto.
"General Decision Number: TX20200007 01/03/2020
Superseded General Decision Number: TX20190007
State: Texas
Construction Types: Heavy and Highway
Counties: Atascosa, Bandera, Bastrop, Bell, Bexar, Brazos, Burleson, Caldwell, Comal, Coryell, Guadalupe, Hays, Kendall, Lampasas, McLennan, Medina, Robertson, Travis, Williamson and Wilson Counties in Texas.

HEAVY (excluding tunnels and dams, not to be used for work on Sewage or Water Treatment Plants or Lift / Pump Stations in Bell, Coryell, McLennan and Williamson Counties) and HIGHWAY Construction Projects

Note: Under Executive Order (EO) 13658, an hourly minimum wage of $10.80 for calendar year 2020 applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2015. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must pay all workers in any classification listed on this wage determination at least $10.80 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in calendar year 2020. If this contract is covered by the EO and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must pay workers in that classification at least the wage rate determined through the conformance process set forth in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(ii) (or the EO minimum wage rate, if it is higher than the conformed wage rate). The EO minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. Please note that this EO applies to the above-mentioned types of contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but it does not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(2)-(60). Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rate Description</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER (Paving and Structures)</td>
<td>$12.56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ELECTRICIAN</td>
<td>$26.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FORM BUILDER/FORM SETTER</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paving &amp; Curb</td>
<td>$12.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Structures</td>
<td>$12.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LABORER</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asphalt Raker</td>
<td>$12.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flagger</td>
<td>$ 9.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laborer, Common</td>
<td>$10.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laborer, Utility</td>
<td>$12.27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pipelayer</td>
<td>$12.79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Work Zone Barricade Servicer</td>
<td>$11.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAINTER (Structures)</td>
<td>$18.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agricultural Tractor</td>
<td>$12.69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asphalt Distributor</td>
<td>$15.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asphalt Paving Machine</td>
<td>$14.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boom Truck</td>
<td>$18.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broom or Sweeper</td>
<td>$11.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concrete Pavement Finishing Machine</td>
<td>$15.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crane, Hydraulic 80 tons or less</td>
<td>$18.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crane, Lattice Boom 80 tons</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crane, Lattice Boom over 80 tons or less</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crane, Lattice Boom over 80 tons</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crawler Tractor</td>
<td>$15.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directional Drilling Locator</td>
<td>$11.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directional Drilling Operator</td>
<td>$17.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excavator 50,000 lbs or Less</td>
<td>$12.88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excavator over 50,000 lbs</td>
<td>$17.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foundation Drill, Truck</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mounted</td>
<td>$16.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front End Loader, 3 CY or</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Less........................$ 13.04
Front End Loader, Over 3 CY.$ 13.21
Loader/Backhoe.............$ 14.12
Mechanic...................$ 17.10
Milling Machine..........$ 14.18
Motor Grader, Fine Grade..$ 18.51
Motor Grader, Rough.....$ 14.63
Pavement Marking Machine.$ 19.17
Reclaimer/Pulverizer......$ 12.88
Roller, Asphalt............$ 12.78
Roller, Other.............$ 10.50
Scrapper...................$ 12.27
Spreader Box...............$ 14.04
Trenching Machine, Heavy.$ 18.48

Servicer...................$ 14.51

Steel Worker
  Reinforcing...............$ 14.00
  Structural...............$ 19.29

TRAFFIC SIGNAL INSTALLER
  Traffic Signal/Light Pole
  Worker....................$ 16.00

TRUCK DRIVER
  Lowboy-Float............$ 15.66
  Off Road Hauler.........$ 11.88
  Single Axle.............$ 11.79
  Single or Tandem Axle Dump Truck......$ 11.68
  Tandem Axle Tractor w/Semi Trailer........$ 12.81

WELDER....................$ 15.97

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other
health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of "identifiers" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than "SU" or "UAVG" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the "SU" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and
non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

-------------------------------

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

* an existing published wage determination
* a survey underlying a wage determination
* a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
* a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour Regional Office for the area in which the survey was conducted because those Regional Offices have responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal
process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations  
Wage and Hour Division  
U.S. Department of Labor  
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.  
Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator  
U.S. Department of Labor  
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.  
Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board  
U.S. Department of Labor  
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.  
Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final."

================================================================
END OF GENERAL DECISION